

Scilab Textbook Companion for  
Hydraulics  
by J. Lal<sup>1</sup>

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# Book Description

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Scilab numbering policy used in this document and the relation to the above book.

**Exa** Example (Solved example)

**Eqn** Equation (Particular equation of the above book)

**AP** Appendix to Example(Scilab Code that is an Appednix to a particular Example of the above book)

For example, Exa 3.51 means solved example 3.51 of this book. Sec 2.3 means a scilab code whose theory is explained in Section 2.3 of the book.

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# Chapter 1

## Hydrostatics

Scilab code Exa 1.1 Pressure of water

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 h1= 2 //in
4 h2= 2 //in
5 wn= 13.6 //g/cc
6 w= 1 //g/cc
7 W= 62.4 //lbs/ft^3
8 //CALCULATIONS
9 ha= ((h2*wn/w)-h1)/12
10 pa= ha*W/144
11 //RESULTS
12 printf ('Pressure of water= %.2f lb/sq in ',pa)
```

---

Scilab code Exa 1.2 reading of mercury

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 a= 6 //ft
```



```

4 h= 2 //ft
5 sm= 13.6
6 sw= 1
7 sl=0.8
8 //CALCULATIONS
9 dh= h*(sm-sw)+a
10 h1= (dh-a)/(sl-1)
11 //RESULTS
12 printf ('pressure difference in ft of water= %.1f ft
of water ',dh)
13 printf ('\n reading of mercury= %.f ft of liquid ',
h1)

```

---

### Scilab code Exa 1.3 pressure

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 sm= 13.6
4 so= 0.9
5 sw=1
6 ha= 12.7 //ft
7 hb= 8 //ft
8 hc= 7.5 //ft
9 hd= 1.75 //ft
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 pa= (sm-so)*sw
12 pc= -hb*so+ha
13 pd= ha+so*2-sm*2.5-hc
14 pb= hb+hd+pd
15 //RESULTS
16 printf ('pressure at A= %.2f ft of water ',pa)
17 printf ('\n pressure at B= %.2f ft of water ',pb)
18 printf ('\n pressure at C= %.2f ft of water ',pc)
19 printf ('\n pressure at D= %.2f ft of water ',pd)

```

---

**Scilab code Exa 1.4** Reading of the pressure guage at the top of tank

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 lm= 2 //ft
4 lw= 5 //ft
5 lo= 8 //ft
6 so= 0.75
7 p= 40 //lb/in^2
8 w= 62.4 //lbs/ft^3
9 sm= 13.6
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 h= p*144/w
12 Pd= (h-lm*sm)
13 Pc= Pd-lw
14 Pb= Pc-lo*so
15 Pg= Pb*w/144
16 //RESULTS
17 printf ('Reading of the pressure guage at the top of
    tank = %.1f lb/in^2 ',Pg)
```

---

**Scilab code Exa 1.5** Depth of point

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 h= 42 //in
4 w= 62.4 //lbs/ft^3
5 //RESULTS
6 D= h*w/(144*12)
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 printf ('Depth of point = %.1f lb/in^2 ',D)
```

---

**Scilab code Exa 1.6** Depth of point

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 h= 200 //ft
4 w= 62.4 //lbs/ft^3
5 //RESULTS
6 D= h*w/(144)
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 printf ('Depth of point = %.1f lb/in^2 ',D)
```

---

**Scilab code Exa 1.7** Total pressure

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 w= 62.4 //lbs/ft^3
4 l= 2 //ft
5 b= 3 //ft
6 h= 10 //ft
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 P= w*l*b*h
9 //RESULTS
10 printf ('Total pressure = %.f lb ',P)
```

---

**Scilab code Exa 1.8** total pressure

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 l= 2 //ft
```

```

4 b= 3 //ft
5 a= 60 //degrees
6 h= 8 //ft
7 w= 62.4 //lbs/ft^3
8 //CALCULATIONS
9 x= h+(b/l)*cosd(a)
10 P= w*l*b*x
11 //RESULTS
12 printf ('total pressure = %.f lb ',P)

```

---

Scilab code Exa 1.9 total pressure

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 l= 2 //ft
4 b= 3 //ft
5 h= 8 //ft
6 w= 62.4 //lbs/ft^3
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 P= w*l*b*(h+(b/2))
9 //RESULTS
10 printf ('total pressure = %.f lb ',P)

```

---

Scilab code Exa 1.10 Total pressure

```

1
2 clc
3 //initialisation of variables
4 l= 6 //ft
5 b= 4 //ft
6 w= 62.4 //lbs/ft^3
7 h= 10 //ft
8 //CALCULATIONS

```

```

9 P= w*1*b*(b/2)
10 hn= (b/2)+(1*b^3/(12*1*b*(b/2)))
11 P1= w*(h+(b/2))*1*b
12 h1= (h+(b/2))+(1*b^3/(12*1*b*(h+(b/2))))
13 //RESULTS
14 printf("Total pressure = %d lb",P1)
15 printf("\n Depth = %.2f ft",hn)
16 printf ('\n pressure in ft in case 2= %.3f ft ',h1)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 1.11 position of centre of pressure

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 sp= 0.87
4 d= 12 //ft
5 W= 62.4 //lb/ft^3
6 Wa= 30 //lb/in^2
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 A= %pi*d^2/4
9 w= W*sp
10 x= Wa*144/(w)
11 P= w*A*x
12 h= x+(A*d^2/16/(A*x))
13 //RESULTS
14 printf ('force exerted by the oil upon the gate = %.
    f lb ',P)
15 printf ('\n position of centre of pressure = %.3f ft
    ',h)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 1.12 Level of water

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables

```

```

3 w= 62.4 //lb/ft^3
4 a= 60 //degrees
5 l= 18 //ft
6 b= 4 //ft
7 W= 8000 //lb
8 //CALCULATIONS
9 P= w*b/(sind(a)*2)
10 h= ((b/(12*(sind(a))^3))*(sind(a))^2/(b/(sind(a)*2)))
      )+0.5
11 h1= (1-h)/sind(a)
12 x= ((1*W)/(h1*P))^(1/3)
13 //RESULTS
14 printf ('Level of water = %.2f ft ',x)

```

---

**Scilab code Exa 1.13** Total compression in the promp CD

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 w= 62.4 //lb/ft^3
4 l= 12 //ft
5 b= 6 //ft
6 h= 5.196 //ft
7 a= 60 //degrees
8 a1= 45 //degrees
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 P= w*l*b*h/2
11 h1= ((1*b^3*(sind(a))^2/12)/(1*b*(h/2)))+(h/2)
12 R= P*(b-(h1/cosd(a/2)))/((b*sind(a1))/2)
13 //RESULTS
14 printf ('Total compression in the promp CD = %.f lb ',
      ,R)

```

---

**Scilab code Exa 1.14** force F required to act horizontally at the top of gate

```
1
2 clc
3 //initialisation of variables
4 w= 62.4 //lb/ft^3
5 h= 4 //ft
6 b= 6 //ft
7 sg= 1.45
8 h1= 5 //ft
9 a= 90 //degrees
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 P1= w*sg*h*b*(h1+(h/2))
12 P2= w*h*b*(h/2)
13 Pr= P1-P2
14 hup= ((b*h^3/12)*(sind(a))^2/(h*b*(h1+(h/2))))+(h1+(
    h/2))
15 x1= h+h1-hup
16 hd= h*2/3
17 x2= h-hd
18 x= (P1*x1-P2*x2)/Pr
19 d= h1+h-x
20 F= Pr*x/4
21 //RESULTS
22 printf ('P resultant = %.f lb ',Pr)
23 printf ('\n depth of centre of pressure = %.3f ft ',
    d)
24 printf ('\n force F required to act horizontally at
    the top of gate = %.f lb ',F)
25 //The answer given in texxtbook is wrong. Please
    check using a calculator.
```

---

**Scilab code Exa 1.15** RB

```

1  clc
2  //initialisation of variables
3  w= 15 //ft
4  D= 15 //ft
5  W= 62.4 //lb/ft^3
6  a= 120 //degrees
7  h1= 15 //ft
8  h2= 4 ///ft
9  h3= 18 //ft
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 Pu= w*D*W*w/2
12 hu= ((w*D^3/12)/(w^2*D/2))+w/2
13 Pd= W*h2*w*h2/2
14 hd= ((w*h2^3/12)/(h2*h1*(h2/2)))+(h2/2)
15 P= Pu-Pd
16 h= (Pu*(h1-hu)-Pd*(h2-hd))/P
17 F= P/(2*sind(a/4))
18 RT= F*(h3-(h1/10)-h)/(h3-(h1/5))
19 RB=F-RT
20 //RESULTS
21 printf ('RB = %.f lb ',RB)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 1.16 S max

```

1  clc
2  //initialisation of variables
3  h= 42 //ft
4  w= 25 //ft
5  d= 8 //ft
6  W= 150 //lb/ft^3
7  w1= 62.4 //lb/ft^3
8  //CALCULATIONS
9  W1= W*(h*d+(h*(w-d)/2))
10 P= w1*h*(h/2)
11 R= sqrt(W1^2+P^2)

```



```

12 o= atand(P/W1)
13 AE= (d*h*(d/2)+(w-d)*h*(d+(w-d)/3)/2)/(d*h+h*(w-d)
      /2)
14 EF= 14*P/W1
15 AF= EF+AE
16 AH= w/2
17 e= AF-AH
18 BS= W1*e*AH/(w^3/12)
19 DS= W1/w
20 Smax= BS+DS
21 Smin= DS-BS
22 //RESULTS
23 printf ('S max = %.f lb/sq ft ',Smax)
24 printf ('\n S min = %.f lb/sq ft ',Smin)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 1.17 Volume of concrete

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 W= 145 //lb/cu ft
4 M= 500 //lb
5 W1= 64 //lb/cu ft
6 //CALCULATIONS
7 dW= W-W1
8 V= M/dW
9 //RESULTS
10 printf ('Volume of concrete = %.1f cu ft ',V)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 1.18 Depth necessary to just float the ship in river

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 W= 10000 //tons

```

```

4 A= 15000 //ft^2
5 d= 15 //ft
6 Dsw= 64 //lb/ft^3
7 Dw= 62.4 //lb/ft^3
8 //CALCULATIONS
9 Vsw= 2240/Dsw
10 Vw= 2240/Dw
11 dV= Vw-Vsw
12 V1= W*dV
13 h= W/A
14 h1= d+h
15 //RESULTS
16 printf ('Depth necessary to just float the ship in
    river = %.2f ft ',h1)

```

---

**Scilab code Exa 1.19** Rightening moment

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 W= 5000 //tons
4 w= 10 //tons
5 d= 30 //ft
6 x= 5.5 //in
7 l= 10 //ft
8 a= 15 //degrees
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 GM= (w*d)*l/(W*(x/12))
11 M= GM*sind(a)*W
12 //RESULTS
13 printf ('Rightening moment = %.f lb ',M)

```

---

**Scilab code Exa 1.20** angle through which the cube will tilt

```

1  clc
2  //initialisation of variables
3  l= 5 //ft
4  h= 20 //in
5  n= 1/15
6  AG= 50 //in
7  x= 30 //in
8  w= 62.4 //lb/ft^3
9  //CALCULATIONS
10 AG1= AG/(1+n)
11 G1G2= n*x/(1+n)
12 W= l^2*w*(1/2)
13 h1= 32 //in
14 BK= h1/2
15 GK= 10 //in
16 G1K= (AG+GK)-AG1
17 BG1= BK-G1K
18 BM= (l^4/12)*2*12/(l^3*BK*n)
19 G1M= BM+BG1
20 o= atand(G1G2/G1M)
21 //RESULTS
22 printf ('angle through which the cube will tilt = %.
    f degrees ',o)

```

---

# Chapter 2

## Hydrodynamics

Scilab code Exa 2.1 v1, v2

```
1  clc
2  //initialisation of variables
3  Q= 0.8 //ft^3/sec
4  w= 62.4 //lb/sec
5  d1= 3 //in
6  d2= 1.5 //in
7  //CALCULATIONS
8  Q1= Q*w*60/10
9  a1= %pi*(d1/12)^2/4
10 a2= %pi*(d2/12)^2/4
11 v1= Q/a1
12 v2= Q/a2
13 //RESULTS
14 printf ('v1 = %.1f ft/sec ',v1)
15 printf ('\n v2 = %.1f ft/sec ',v2)
```

---

Scilab code Exa 2.2 p2

```

1  clc
2  //initialisation of variables
3  d1= 12 //in
4  d2= 9 //in
5  z1= 10 //ft
6  z2= 10 //ft
7  p1= 15 //lb/in^2
8  w= 62.4 //lb/ft^3
9  Q= 2 //cuses
10 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
11 //CALCULATIONS
12 v1= Q/(%pi*(d1/12)^2/4)
13 v2= Q/(%pi*(d2/12)^2/4)
14 p2= w*(z1-z2+(p1*144/w)+(v1^2/(2*g))-(v2^2/(2*g)))
    /144
15 //RESULTS
16 printf ('p2 = %.3 f lb/in^2 ',p2)

```

---

### Scilab code Exa 2.3 Discharge

```

1  clc
2  //initialisation of variables
3  d0= 4 //ft
4  d2= 2 //ft
5  z0 = 0 //ft
6  z1= 5 //ft
7  z2= 13 //ft
8  h= 9.5 //in
9  w= 62.4 //lb/ft^3
10 w1= 30 //lb/ft^3
11 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
12 r= 0.1
13 //CALCULATIONS
14 p2= -h*34/w1
15 v2= sqrt(2*g*(z1-p2-z2)/(1+r))

```

```

16 Q= %pi*(d2/12)^2*v2*w*60/(10*4)
17 //RESULTS
18 printf ( 'Discharge = %.f gpm ',Q)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 2.4 water pressure at top

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 d1= 2 //ft
4 d2= 3 //ft
5 v1= 20 //ft/sec
6 z1= 20 //ft
7 z2= 0 //ft
8 h= 5 //ft
9 w= 62.4 //lb/ft^3
10 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
11 //CALCULATIONS
12 H1= v1^2*0.15/(2*g)
13 a1= %pi*d1^2/4
14 a2= %pi*d2^2/4
15 v2= a1*v1/a2
16 p1= ((h-z1+(v2^2)/(2*g))-(0.85*v1^2/(2*g)))
17 //RESULTS
18 printf ( 'water pressure at top = %.2f ft of water ',
          p1)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 2.5 Discharge

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 d1= 15 //in
4 d2= 6 //in
5 h= 10 //in of mercury

```

```

6 C= 0.98
7 sm= 13.6
8 w= 12
9 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 a1= %pi*(d1/12)^2/4
12 a2= %pi*(d2/12)^2/4
13 h1= h*(sm-1)/w
14 Q= C*(a1*a2/(sqrt(a1^2-a2^2)))*sqrt(2*g)*sqrt(h1)
      *6.24*60*60
15 //RESULTS
16 printf ('Discharge = %.f gph ',Q)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 2.6 Actual discharge

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 d1= 8 //in
4 d2= 4 //in
5 h= 10 //in of mercury
6 Cd= 0.98
7 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
8 sm= 13.56
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 a1= %pi*(d1/12)^2/4
11 a2= %pi*(d2/12)^2/4
12 h1= h*(sm-1)/12
13 Q= a1*a2*sqrt(2*g)*sqrt(h1)/sqrt(a1^2-a2^2)
14 Qactual= Cd*Q
15 //RESULTS
16 printf ('Actual discharge = %.2f cuses ',Qactual)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 2.7 speed of submarine

```

1  clc
2  //initialisation of variables
3  h= 6.8 //in of mercury
4  sm= 13.6
5  ssw= 1.026
6  g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
7  //CALCULATIONS
8  V= sqrt(2*g*h*(sm-ssw)/12)*3600/5280
9  //RESULTS
10 printf ('speed of submarine = %.1f miles per hour ',
        V)

```

---

**Scilab code Exa 2.8** Volume of air passing through the Venturimeter

```

1  clc
2  //initialisation of variables
3  g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
4  d1= 2 //in
5  d2= 12 //in
6  r= 1.4
7  n= 0.905
8  Q= 2995 //lb/ft^2
9  w= 0.083 //lb/ft^3
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 V1= 1/w
12 n1= n^((r-1)/r)
13 n2= n^(2/r)
14 Q= %pi*(d1/12)^2*sqrt(2*g*Q*(1-n1)*r/((r-1)*n2*(1-(
        d1/d2)^2)))
15 //RESULTS
16 printf ('Volume of air passing through the
        Venturimeter = %.1f cuses ',Q)

```

---



# Chapter 3

## Flow Through Orifices Mouthpieces Nozzles

Scilab code Exa 3.1 Cr

```
1  clc
2  //initialisation of variables
3  Q= 16 //gpm
4  w= 62.4 //lb/ft^3
5  d= 1 //in
6  h= 2+(5/12) //ft
7  g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
8  x= 11.5 //ft
9  h1= 1.2 //in
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 Cd= Q*10/(60*w*(%pi*(d/12)^2/4)*sqrt(2*g*h))
12 Cv= sqrt(x^2/(4*(h1/12)*h*12^2))
13 Cc= Cd/Cv
14 Cr= (1-Cv^2)/Cv^2
15 //RESULTS
16 printf ('Cr = %.3f ',Cr)
```

---

### Scilab code Exa 3.2 Cd, Cc

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 Ww= 261 //lb/min
4 a= 1 //in^2
5 h= 4 //ft
6 y= 5 //ft
7 W1= 10.65 //lb
8 l= 1 //ft
9 Q= 261 //lb/min
10 w= 62.4 //lb/ft^3
11 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
12 //CALCULATIONS
13 v= Q*144/(w*60)
14 F= W1*l/y
15 v= F*g*60/Q
16 vth= sqrt(2*g*h)
17 Cv= v/vth
18 Q1= Ww/w
19 Qth= vth*60/144
20 Cd= Q1/Qth
21 Cc= Cd/Cv
22 //RESULTS
23 printf ('Cd = %.3 f ',Cd)
24 printf ('\n Cc = %.3 f ',Cc)
```

---

### Scilab code Exa 3.3 Work done

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 Q= 10 //ft^3/sec
4 a1= 1 //ft^2
5 a2= 4 //ft^2
6 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
```

```

7 p1= 12 //lb/in^2
8 v1= 10 //ft/sec
9 w= 62.4 //lb/ft^3
10 //RESULTS
11 v2= v1*a1/a2
12 H1= (v1-v2)^2/(2*g)
13 p2= ((p1*144/w)+(v1^2/(2*g))-(v2^2/(2*g))-H1)*(w
      /144)
14 W= H1*v1*w/550
15
16 //RESULTS
17 printf ('Head lost = %.3f ft of water ',H1)
18 printf ('\n Pressure in larger part of pipe = %.2f
      lb/in^2 ',p2)
19 printf ('\n Work done = %.3f HP ',W)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 3.4 Pressure at Vent-contraction

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 Cc= 1
4 Cv= 0.833
5 d= 2 //in
6 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
7 H= 12 //ft
8 Pa= 34 //lb/in^2
9 ///CALCULATIONS
10 Q= Cc*Cv*%pi*(d/12)^2*sqrt(2*g*H)/4
11 Cd= Cc*Cv
12 Pc= Pa-0.92*H
13 //RESULTS
14 //RESULTS
15 printf ('Discharge = %.3f cu ft/sec ',Q)
16 printf ('\n Coefficient of discharge = %.3f ',Cd)
17 printf ('\n Pressure at Vent-contraction= %.2f ft of

```

water ', Pc)

---

### Scilab code Exa 3.5 Actual Discharge

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 H= 4 //ft
4 d= 1 //in
5 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
6 Cc= 0.5
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 Q= Cc*pi*(d/12)^2*sqrt(2*g*H)/4
9 //RESULTS
10 printf ('Actual Discharge = %.4f cu ft/sec ',Q)
```

---

### Scilab code Exa 3.6 Discharge

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 D= 4 //ft
4 d= 2 //in
5 H1= 6 //ft
6 H2= 2 //ft
7 t= 4 //min
8 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
9 w= 62.4 //lb/ft^3
10 H= 5 //ft
11 //CALCULATIONS
12 Cd= (2*(%pi/4)*D^2*(sqrt(H1)-sqrt(H2)))/(t*60*(%pi
    /4)*(d/12)^2*sqrt(2*g))
13 Q= Cd*(%pi/4)*(d/12)^2*sqrt(2*g*H)*w*60/10
14 //RESULTS
15 printf ('Cd = %.3f ',Cd)
```

```
16 printf ('\n Discharge = %.1f gpm ',Q)
```

---

**Scilab code Exa 3.7** time required to lower the water level

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 H1= 10 //ft
4 H2= 2 //ft
5 Cd= 0.61
6 d1= 8 //ft
7 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
8 d2= 3 //ft
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 a= d2^2/144
11 H0= H1*d2/(d1-d2)
12 t= %pi*(d1/2)^2*((2/5)*(H1^(5/2)-H2^(5/2))+2*H0^2*(
    sqrt(H1)-sqrt(H2))+(4/3)*H0*(H1^(3/2)-H2^(3/2)))
    /(60*Cd*a*sqrt(2*g)*(H1+H0)^2)
13 //RESULTS
14 printf ('time required to lower the water level = %
    .2f min',t)
```

---

**Scilab code Exa 3.8** time required to empty the vessel

```
1
2 clc
3 //initialisation of variables
4 D= 10 //ft
5 H1= 17 //ft
6 H2= 5 //ft
7 d= 3 //in
8 Cd= 0.62
9 g=32.2 //ft/s^2
```

```

10 //CALCULATIONS
11 t1= (2*%pi*D^2/4)*(sqrt(H1)-sqrt(H2))/(Cd*sqrt(2*g)*
      %pi*(d/12)^2/4)
12 t2= %pi*(14/15)*H2^(5/2)*4/(Cd*%pi*(d/12)^2*sqrt(2*g
      ))
13 t= t1+t2
14 //RESULTS
15 printf ('time required to empty the vessel = %.f sec
      ',t)

```

---

**Scilab code Exa 3.9** time to empty biler

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 Cd= 0.8
4 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
5 d= 3 //in
6 //CALCULATIONS
7 t= (60*2/(%pi*(d/12)^2*sqrt(2*g)/4*Cd))*(6-d)^(3/2)
      /(3*60/2)
8 //RESULTS
9 printf ('time to empty biler = %.2f min',t)

```

---

**Scilab code Exa 3.11** time required to reduce the water level difference

```

1
2 clc
3 //initialisation of variables
4 H1= 9 //ft
5 H2= 4 //ft
6 Cd= 0.6
7 a= 4 //in^2
8 A1= 72 //ft^2

```

```

9 A2= 24 //ft^2
10 g=32.2 //ft/s^2
11 //CALCULATIONS
12 t= (2*A1*A2/(A1+A2))*(sqrt(H1)-sqrt(H2))*144/(Cd*60*
    a*sqrt(2*g))
13 //RESULTS
14 printf ('time required to reduce the water level
    difference = %.1f min',t)

```

---

**Scilab code Exa 3.12** side of the square orifice

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 l= 80 //ft
4 w= 12 //ft
5 t= 3 //min
6 H1= 12 //ft
7 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
8 Cd= 0.6
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 s= sqrt(2*l*w*H1^(1/2)/(Cd*sqrt(2*g)*t*60))
11 //RESULTS
12 printf ('side of the square orifice = %.2f ft',s)

```

---

**Scilab code Exa 3.13** Total discharge

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
4 Cd= 0.6
5 d= 2 //in
6 H1= 5 //ft
7 //CALCULATIONS

```

```

8 v= sqrt(2*g*H1)/2
9 q= v*Cd*%pi*(d/12)^2/4
10 //RESULTS
11 printf ('Total discharge = %.3f cfs ',q)

```

---

**Scilab code Exa 3.14** Discharge by appropriate formula

```

1
2 clc
3 //initialisation of variables
4 Cd= 0.62
5 H= 9 //in
6 l= 3 //ft
7 g= 32.2 //t/sec^2
8 //CALCULATIONS
9 Q1= Cd*(H*l/12)*sqrt(2*g*3*H/24)
10 Q2= Cd*2*l*sqrt(2*g)*((H/6)^(3/2)-(H/12)^(3/2))/3
11 //RESULTS
12 printf ('Discharge by appropriate formula = %.2f cfs
13         ',Q1)
14 printf ('\n Discharge by exact formula = %.2f cfs ',
15         Q2)

```

---

**Scilab code Exa 3.15** Total discharge

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 Cd= 0.62
4 B= 2.5 //ft
5 H2= 8 //ft
6 H1= 7 //ft
7 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
8 h= 4 //ft

```



```
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 Q1= 2*Cd*B*sqrt(2*g)*(H2^(3/2)-H1^(3/2))/3
11 Q2= Cd*sqrt(2*g)*sqrt(H2)*B*(h-1)
12 Q= Q1+Q2
13 //RESULTS
14 printf ('Total discharge = %.f cfs ',Q)
```

---

# Chapter 4

## Flow Over Weirs Notches

Scilab code Exa 4.1 length of the weir

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 p= 70 //per cent
4 Cd= 0.6
5 Q= 50 //million gallons
6 H= 2 //ft
7 w= 62.4 //lb/ft^3
8 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 Q1= p*Q*10^6*10/(100*w*24*3600)
11 L= Q1*3/(2*Cd*sqrt(2*g)*H^1.5)
12 //RESULTS
13 printf ('length of the weir = %.2f ft ',L)
```

---

Scilab code Exa 4.2 HP

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
```

```

3 L= 15 //ft
4 H= 1 //ft
5 Cd= 0.6
6 v= 80 //ft/min
7 g= 32.2 //ft/sec2
8 w= 62.4 //lb/ft3
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 vo= v/60
11 Q= 2*Cd*sqrt(2*g)*L*((1+(vo2/(2*g)))1.5-(vo2/(2*g)
    )1.5)*w*100/(3*550)
12 //RESULTS
13 printf ('HP = %.f HP ',Q)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 4.3 discharge percent

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 L= 11 //ft
4 H= 0.7 //ft
5 Cd= 0.6
6 g= 32.2 //ft/sec2
7 h= 1.95 //ft
8 Q= 20.65 //cuses
9 Q1= 21.2 //cfs
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 Q= 2*Cd*sqrt(2*g)*L*H1.5/3
12 vo= Q/(h*L)
13 h1= vo2/(2*g)
14 Q1= 2*Cd*sqrt(2*g)*L*((H+(vo2/(2*g)))1.5-(vo2/(2*
    g))1.5)/3
15 v1= Q1/(L*h)
16 Q2= 2*Cd*sqrt(2*g)*L*((H+(v12/(2*g)))1.5-(v12/(2*
    g))1.5)/3
17 p= (Q2-Q1)*100/Q1
18 //RESULTS

```

```
19 printf ('discharge percent = %.3f per cent ',p)
```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 4.4 K, n

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 b= 3 //ft
4 H= 1 //ft
5 Q= 9 //cfs
6 k= 1.105
7 h= 0.1 //ft
8 //CALCULATIONS
9 K= Q/b
10 n= (k-log10(3*K))/h
11 //RESULTS
12 printf ('K = %.f ',K)
13 printf ('\n n = %.1f ',n)
```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 4.5 Q

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
4 Cd= 0.62
5 L= 7.573 //ft
6 H= 1.2 //ft
7 S= 2.85 //ft
8 //CALCULATIONS
9 Q1= 2*Cd*sqrt(2*g)*L*H^1.5/3
10 Q2= 3.33*L*H^1.5
11 Q3= sqrt(2*g)*L*H^1.5*(0.405+(0.00984/H))
12 He= H+0.004
13 Q4= (3.227+0.435*(He/S))*L*He^1.5
```

```

14 //RESULTS
15 printf ('Q = %.2f cuses ',Q1)
16 printf ('\n Q = %.2f cuses ',Q2)
17 printf ('\n Q = %.2f cuses ',Q3)
18 printf ('\n Q = %.2f cuses ',Q4)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 4.6 n

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 H= 2.5 //ft
4 L= 10 //ft
5 A= 10 //miles
6 p= 30 //per cent
7 a= 2 //in/hr
8 w= 2 //ft
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 Q= L*1760^2*3^2*a*p/(60*60*12*100)
11 n= ((Q/(3.33*H^1.5))-(L-0.1*w*H))/(L-0.1*w*H)
12 //RESULTS
13 printf ('n = %.f ',n)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 4.7 Total discharge

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 L= 2.5 //ft
4 H= 1 //ft
5 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
6 Cd= 0.61
7 L1= 1.75 //ft
8 L2= 2.25 //ft
9 //CALCULATIONS

```

```

10 Q1= 2*Cd*sqrt(2*g)*L*H/3
11 Q2= 2*Cd*sqrt(2*g)*L1*(L1^1.5-1)/3
12 Q3= 2*Cd*sqrt(2*g)*H*(L2^1.5-L1^1.5)/3
13 Q= Q1+Q2+Q3
14 //RESULTS
15 printf ('Total discharge = %.1f cfs ',Q)

```

---

**Scilab code Exa 4.8** Percent decrease in discharge

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
4 h1= 16.63 //cm
5 h2= 10.18 //cm
6 h3= 16.53 //cm
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 H1= h1-h2
9 H2= h3-h2
10 p= (H1^1.5-H2^1.5)*100/H1^1.5
11 //RESULTS
12 printf ('Percent decrease in discharge = %.2f per
        cent ',p)

```

---

**Scilab code Exa 4.9** time required to lower level of reservoir

```

1
2 clc
3 //initialisation of variables
4 Cd= 0.6
5 a= 20000 //yd^2
6 H2= 12 //in
7 L= 5 //ft
8 H1= 2 //ft

```

```

9 g=32.2 //ft/s^2
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 t= 2*a*9*(L-H1)*((1/sqrt(H2/12))-(1/sqrt(H1)))
      /(2*60*Cd*sqrt(2*g)*L)
12 //RESULTS
13 printf ('time required to lower level of reservoir =
      %.2f min ',t)

```

---

**Scilab code Exa 4.10** depth of water

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 L= 3 //ft
4 H= 6 //in
5 Cd= 0.62
6 Cd1= 0.59
7 a= 45 //degrees
8 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 H= ((2/3)*Cd*sqrt(2*g)*L*(H/12)^1.5/((8/15)*Cd1*sqrt
      (2*g)))^0.4
11 //RESULTS
12 printf ('depth of water = %.3f ft ',H)

```

---

**Scilab code Exa 4.11** percentage error of discharge over the weir

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 V= 20 //litres
4 g= 981 //cm/sec^2
5 Cd= 0.593
6 r= 2.5
7 r1= 1.5

```

```

8 e= 2 //mm
9 Cd1= 0.623
10 L= 30 //cm
11 //CALCULATIONS
12 H= (V*1000*15/(8*Cd*sqrt(2*g)))^0.4
13 dH1= e/10
14 p= r*dH1*100/H
15 H1= (V*3*1000/(2*Cd1*sqrt(2*g)*L))^(2/3)
16 p1= r1*dH1*100/H1
17 //RESULTS
18 printf ('percentage error of discharge over the weir
          = %.2f per cent ',p)
19 printf ('\n percentage error of discharge over the
          weir = %.2f per cent ',p1)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 4.12 Discharge

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 L= 16 //in
4 H= 9 //in
5 h= 18 //in
6 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
7 w= 2 //ft
8 Cd= 0.63
9 W= 62.4 //lbs/ft^3
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 Q= 2*Cd*sqrt(2*g)*(L/12)*(H/12)^1.5/3
12 v= Q/(w*(h/12))
13 H1= v^2/(2*g)
14 Q1= 2*Cd*sqrt(2*g)*(L/12)*(((H/12)+H1)^1.5-H1^1.5)*W
          *6/3
15 //RESULTS
16 printf ('Discharge = %.f gpm ',Q1)

```

---



### Scilab code Exa 4.13 Discharge

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 L= 100 //ft
4 H= 2.25 //ft
5 Cd= 0.95
6 w= 120 //ft
7 h= 2 //ft
8 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 Q= 3.087*Cd*L*H^1.5
11 v0= Q/(w*(h+H))
12 Q1= 3.087*Cd*L*((H+(v0^2/(2*g)))^1.5-(v0^2/(2*g))
    ^1.5)
13 //RESULTS
14 printf ('Discharge = %.f cuses ',Q1)
```

---

### Scilab code Exa 4.14 Discharge

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 L= 6 //ft
4 H1= 0.5 //ft
5 H2= 0.25 //ft
6 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
7 Cd1= 0.58
8 Cd2= 0.8
9 w= 6.24 //lb/ft^3
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 Q1= 2*Cd1*sqrt(2*g)*L*(H1-H2)^1.5/3
12 Q2= Cd2*L*H2*sqrt(2*g*(H1-H2))
```

```

13 Q= (Q1+Q2)*w*3600
14 //RESULTS
15 printf ( 'Discharge = %.f cuses ',Q)

```

---

**Scilab code Exa 4.15** height of anicut which is drowned

```

1  clc
2  //initialisation of variables
3  W= 100 //ft
4  h= 10 //ft
5  v= 4 //ft/sec
6  h1= 3 //ft
7  g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
8  H= 5.4 //ft
9  Cd1= 0.58
10 Cd2= 0.8
11 //CALCULATIONS
12 v0= (W*h*v)/(W*(h+h1))
13 h0 =v0^2/(2*g)
14 H2= (W*h*v-(2*Cd1*W*sqrt(2*g)*((h1+h0)^1.5-h0^1.5)
      /3))/(Cd2*W*sqrt(2*g*(h1+h0)))
15 dh= h-H2
16 //RESULTS
17 printf ( 'height of anicut which is drowned = %.f ft
      ',dh)

```

---

**Scilab code Exa 4.16** length

```

1  clc
2  //initialisation of variables
3  x= 6 //in
4  l= 200 //ft
5  d= 10 //ft

```

```

6 v= 4 //ft/sec
7 Ce= 0.95
8 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 l1= sqrt(1^2/(Ce^2*((x/12)*2*g/v^2)+(d^2/(d+(x/12)))
      ^2))))
11 //RESULTS
12 printf ('length = %.f ft ',l1)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 4.17 Volume of extra water stored

```

1
2 clc
3 //initialisation of variables
4 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
5 H= 25 //ft
6 l= 2.5 //ft
7 b= 5 //ft
8 Cd= 0.64
9 Q= 3200 //cuses
10 L=150 //ft
11 C=3.2
12 depth=0.5 //ft
13 A1=5000000 //sq yards
14 //CALCULATIONS
15 Q1= Cd*l*b*sqrt(2*g*H)
16 n= Q/Q1
17 h= (Q/(3.2*L))^(2/3)
18 hr=h-depth
19 Area=A1*9
20 V=Area*hr
21 //RESULTS
22 printf ('number of spilways = %.f ',n)
23 printf("\n Volume of extra water stored = %d cu ft",
      V)

```



# Chapter 5

## Flow Through Pipes

Scilab code Exa 5.1 hydraulic mean depth

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 h= 4 //ft
4 h1= 3 //ft
5 r= 3 //ft
6 h2= 1.5 //ft
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 m= (h*h1+(h1^2/2))/(h+(h/2)*sqrt(h1^2+(h1/2)^2))
9 a= 2*acosd(h2/r)
10 P= 2*pi*r*a/360
11 A= r^2*((2*pi/3)-sind(a))/2
12 H= A/(2*pi)
13 //RESULTS
14 printf ('hydraulic mean depth = %.3f ft ',H)
```

---

Scilab code Exa 5.2 example 2

```
1 clc
```

```

2 //initialisation of variables
3 d= 3 //ft
4 l= 5280 //ft
5 v= 3 //ft/sec
6 f= 0.005
7 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
8 C= 115
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 hf= 4*f*l*v^2/(2*g*v)
11 m= d/4
12 hf1= (v/C)^2*4*l/3
13 //RESULTS
14 printf ('hf = %.2f ft ',hf)
15 printf ('\n hf = %.2f ft ',hf1)

```

---

### Scilab code Exa 5.3 example 3

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 d= 6 //in
4 Q= 2 //cfs
5 l= 1000 //ft
6 f= 0.0055
7 w= 62.4 //lb/ft^3
8 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
9 h= 70 //ft
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 v= Q/(%pi*(d/12)^2/4)
12 hf= 4*f*l*w*(Q/(%pi*(d/12)^2/4))^2/((d/12)*2*144*g)
13 P= hf+(h*w/144)
14 //RESULTS
15 printf ('pressure = %.1f lb/in^2 ',hf)
16 printf ('\n presure difference = %.2f lb/in^2 ',P)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 5.4 example 4

```
1
2 clc
3 //initialisation of variables
4 d= 6 //in
5 hf= 7.7 //ft
6 f= 0.005
7 l= 1000 //ft
8 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 C= sqrt(2*g/f)
11 Q= %pi*C*(d/12)^2.5*(hf/1000)^0.5 /8
12 //RESULTS
13 printf ('Discharge = %.2f cfs ',Q)
```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 5.5 example 5

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 Q= 400000
4 d= 4 //miles
5 h= 50 //ft
6 q= 40 //gallons of water
7 t= 8 //hr
8 f= 0.0075
9 w= 6.24 //lb/ft^3
10 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
11 //CALCULATIONS
12 Q1=Q*q*0.5/(t*60*60*w)
13 d= (4*f*(d*5280)*Q1^2*16/(%pi^2*h*2*g))^0.2*12
14 //RESULTS
```

```
15 printf ('size of the supply = %.1f in ',d)
```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 5.6 example 6

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 Q= 0.7 //cfs
4 d= 6 //in
5 v1= 1.084*10^-5 //ft^2/sec
6 v2= 0.394*10^-5 //ft^2/sec
7 R= 2320
8 //CALCULATIONS
9 v3= R*v1/(d/12)
10 v4=R*v2/(d/12)
11 v= Q*4/(%pi*(d/12)^2)
12 //RESULTS
13 printf ('critital velocity = %.4f ft/sec ',v4)
14 printf ('\n actual velocity = %.2f ft/sec ',v)
```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 5.7 example 7

```
1
2 clc
3 //initialisation of variables
4 p= 0.91 //units
5 u= 0.21 //poise
6 q= 200 //gallons
7 h= 40 //ft
8 l= 200 //ft
9 w= 62.4 //lb/ft^3
10 d= 3/4 //in
11 g=32.2 //ft/s^2
12 //CALCULATIONS
```



```

13 v= u/(p*(30.5)^2)
14 Q= q*10/(w*3600*p)
15 V= Q/(%pi*(d/12)^2/4)
16 Re= V*(d/12)/v
17 F= 64/Re
18 Hf= F*1*V^2/(2*g*(d/12))
19 Ht= Hf+h
20 P= w*p*Ht/144
21 //RESULTS
22 printf ( 'Pressure head = %.1 f lb/in^2 ',P)

```

---

**Scilab code Exa 5.8** example 8

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 logh= 0.1761
4 logk= -0.415
5 logv= 0.3010
6 //CALCULATIONS
7 n= (logh-logk)/logv
8 //RESULTS
9 printf ( 'n = %.2 f ',n)

```

---

**Scilab code Exa 5.10** Pressure difference at discharge end

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 pb= 20 //lb/in^2
4 w= 62.4 //lb/ft^3
5 Q= 1.96 //cfs
6 d1= 0.5 //ft
7 d2= 1 //ft
8 f= 0.005

```

```

 9 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
10 l1= 300 //ft
11 H= 14.015 //ft of water
12 //CALCULATIONS
13 v1= Q/(%pi*d1^2/4)
14 v2= Q/(%pi*d2^2/4)
15 hf1= 4*f*l1*v1^2/(2*g*d1)
16 hf2= 4*f*l1*v2^2/(2*g*d2)
17 h= (v1-v2)^2/(2*g)
18 h1= v1^2/(2*g)
19 h2= v2^2/(2*g)
20 P= H*w/144
21 //RESULTS
22 printf ('Loss of head at C = %.3f ft ',h)
23 printf ('\n Loss of head at C = %.2f ft ',h1)
24 printf ('\n Loss of head at C = %.3f ft ',h2)
25 printf ('\n Pressure differnece at discharge end = %
    .2f lb/in^2 ',P)

```

---

### Scilab code Exa 5.11 example 11

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 d= 8 //in
4 l= 6000 //ft
5 H= 100 //ft
6 H1= 1000 //ft
7 f= 0.008
8 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
9 h1= 24 //ft
10 h2= 34 //ft
11 h3= 25 //ft
12 w= 6.24 //lb/ft^3
13 //CALCULATIONS
14 v= sqrt(H*d*2*g/(4*f*l*12))

```

```

15 h= -h1+(v^2/(2*g))+h3+(4*f*H1*v^2/(2*g*(d/12)))
16 Q= %pi*(d/12)^2*v*3600*w/4
17 //RESULTS
18 printf ('minimum depth = %.f ft ',h)
19 printf ('\n Discharge = %.f gpm',Q)

```

---

### Scilab code Exa 5.12 example 12

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 h= 25 //ft
4 l= 2000 //ft
5 d= 12 //in
6 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
7 f= 0.005
8 dz= 16 //ft
9 zb= 25 //ft
10 zc= -16 //ft
11 //CALCULATIONS
12 v= sqrt(2*g*h/(1.5+(4*f*l/(d/12))))
13 Q= %pi*(d/12)^2*v/4
14 l1= (34-dz)*l/(zb-zc-dz)
15 //RESULTS
16 printf ('Discharge = %.1f cfs ',Q)
17 printf ('\n length of the inlet = %.f ft of water ',
    l1)

```

---

### Scilab code Exa 5.13 example 13

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 d1= 2 //in
4 l1= 25 //ft

```

```

5 d2= 4 //in
6 l2= 140 //ft
7 v= 4 //ft/sec
8 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
9 f= 0.0065
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 v1= v*(d2/d1)^2
12 H= (0.5*v1^2/(2*g))+(4*f*l1*l2*v1^2/(d1*2*g))+((v1-v
    )^2/(2*g))+(4*f*l2*l2*v^2/(d2*2*g))+(v^2/(2*g))
13 //RESULTS
14 printf ('necessaey height of water = %.3f ft ',H)

```

---

**Scilab code Exa 5.14** example 14

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 l1= 3000 //ft
4 d1= 18 //in
5 l2= 1500 //ft
6 d2= 15 //ft
7 l3= 1000 //ft
8 d3= 12 //in
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 d= ((l1+l2+l3)/((l1/d1^5)+(l2/d2^5)+(l3/d3^5)))
    ^ (1/5)
11 //RESULTS
12 printf ('Diameter = %.2f in ',d)

```

---

**Scilab code Exa 5.15** example 15

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2

```

```

4 D= 9 //in
5 //CALCULATIONS
6 d= D/(2^0.4)
7 //RESULTS
8 printf ('diameter of paralle mains = %.2f in ',d)

```

---

**Scilab code Exa 5.16** example 16

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 d= 2 //ft
4 l= 5280 //ft
5 f= 0.01
6 H= 100 //ft
7 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
8 //CALCLATIONS
9 v= sqrt(H*2*d*g/(4*f*l))
10 Q= %pi*d^2*v/4
11 r= d
12 v2= sqrt(H/((r^2+1)*(4*f*l/(2*2*2*g))))
13 Q1= 2*%pi*d^2*v2/4
14 dQ= Q1-Q
15 p= dQ*100/Q
16 //RESULTS
17 printf ('percentage increase in discharge = %.1f per
cent ',p)

```

---

**Scilab code Exa 5.18** example 18

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 A= 10000 //ft^2
4 H1= 50 //ft

```

```

5 H2= 40 //ft
6 l= 1500 //ft
7 d= 6 //in
8 f= 0.0075
9 g= 32.2 //f/sec^2
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 t= 2*A*sqrt((1.5+(4*f*l/(d/12)))/(2*g))*(sqrt(H1)-
    sqrt(H2))/(%pi*(d/12)^2/4)
12 //RESULTS
13 printf ('Time taken to lower the level of water = %.
    f sec ',t)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 5.19 example 19

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 l= 24 //ft
4 b= 12 //ft
5 f= 0.006
6 d= 4 //in
7 l1= 25 //ft
8 H1= 6 //ft
9 H= 20 //ft
10 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
11 Cd= 0.6
12 //CALCULATIONS
13 a= %pi*(d/12)^2/4
14 A= l*b
15 H2= H1+H
16 t= 2*A*sqrt((1.5+(4*f*l1/(d/12)))/(2*g))*(sqrt(H2)-
    sqrt(H))/a
17 t1= 2*A*sqrt((1.5+(4*f*l1/(d/12)))/(2*g))*sqrt(H1)/a
18 t2= 2*A*sqrt(H1)/(Cd*a*sqrt(2*g))
19 //RESULTS
20 printf ('Time taken to lower the pipe = %.f sec ',t)

```

```

21 printf ( '\n Time taken to lower the pipe = %.f sec '
    ,t1)
22 printf ( '\n Time taken to lower the pipe = %.f sec '
    ,t2)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 5.20 example 20

```

1  clc
2  //initialisation of variables
3  d= 2 //ft
4  l= 1000 //ft
5  f= 0.0075
6  H1= 20 //ft
7  A1= 100000 //ft^2
8  A2= 50000 //ft^2
9  g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 h= 2*A1/A2
12 H2= H1-h
13 t= 2*A1*A2*sqrt(1.5+(4*f*l/2))*0.47/((A1+A2)*(%pi*d
    ^2/4)*sqrt(2*g))/60
14 //RESULTS
15 printf ( 'Time taken to lower the level of water = %.
    f min ',t)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 5.21 example 21

```

1  clc
2  //initialisation of variables
3  H= 1000 //lb/in^2
4  Hf= 100 //lb/in^2
5  l= 10 //miles
6  HP= 100

```

```

7 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
8 w= 64.4 //lb/ft^3
9 f= 0.006
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 n= (H-Hf)*100/H
12 v= Hf*550/((%pi/4)*n*10*144)
13 r= Hf*144*2*g/(w*4*f*1*5280)
14 d= (v^2/r)^(1/5)
15 //RESULTS
16 printf ('Diameter = %.4f ft ',d)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 5.22 example 22

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 h1= 1640 //ft
4 h2= 40 //ft
5 d= 8 //in
6 l= 2 //miles
7 D= 3 //ft
8 f= 0.006
9 Cv= 0.98
10 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
11 w= 62.4 //lb/ft^3
12 //CALCULATIONS
13 r= (d/12)/D
14 vact= Cv*sqrt(2*g*(h1-h2)/(1+(4*f*1*5280*r^4/D)))
15 HP= w*vact^3*(%pi*(d/12)^2/4)/(550*2*g)
16 //RESULTS
17 printf ('Horse Power of Jet = %.f HP ',HP)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 5.23 example 23



```

1  clc
2  //initialisation of variables
3  p= 60 //lb/in^2
4  l= 300 //ft
5  D= 2.5 //in
6  d= 7/8 //in
7  f= 0.018
8  g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
9  w= 62.4 //lb/ft^3
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 r= (D/d)^4
12 V= sqrt(2*g*144*p/(w*(r+0.5+(4*f*l/(D/12))))))
13 Q= V*(%pi*(D/12)^2)/4
14 //RESULTS
15 printf ('Volume of flow = %.3f cu ft/sec ',Q)

```

---

**Scilab code Exa 5.24** example 24

```

1  clc
2  //initialisation of variables
3  D= 3 //in
4  l= 800 //ft
5  H= 120 //ft
6  f= 0.01
7  g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
8  w= 62.4 //lb/ft^3
9  //CALCULATIONS
10 d= ((D/12)^5/(8*f*l))^0.25
11 hf= H/3
12 dh= H-hf
13 v= sqrt(hf*(D/12)*2*g/(4*f*l))
14 HPmax= w*%pi*((D/48)^2/4)*v*dh/550
15 //RESULTS
16 printf ('HPmax = %.3f HP ',HPmax)

```

---

Scilab code Exa 5.25 example 25

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 l= 2 //miles
4 Q= 2*10^6 //gal/day
5 d= 12 //in
6 t= 16 //sec
7 w= 62.4 //lb/ft^3
8 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
9 //CALCULATIO
10 Q1=Q*10/(w*24*60*60)
11 hi= 1*5280*Q1/((%pi*(d/12)^2/4)*(g*t))
12 //RESULTS
13 printf ('height = %.1f ft ',hi)
```

---

Scilab code Exa 5.26 example 26

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 d= 6 //in
4 Q= 0.7854 //cfs
5 E= 30*10^6 //lb/in^2
6 t= 0.25 //in
7 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
8 w= 62.4 //lb/ft^3
9 K= 300000 //lb/in^2
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 v= Q/(%pi*(d/12)^2/4)
12 p= v/(sqrt(144*(g/w)*((1/K)+(d/(t*E))))))
13 //RESULTS
```

```
14 printf ('rise of presure in the pipe = %.f lb/in^2 ',  
          ,p)
```

---

**Scilab code Exa 5.27** example 27

```
1 clc  
2 //initialisation of variables  
3 w= 62.4 //lb/ft^3  
4 f= 0.005  
5 Q= 100 //cuses  
6 m= 40 //Rs  
7 n= 0.75  
8 n1= 0.065  
9 K= 15 //Rs  
10 //CALCULATIONS  
11 d= ((5*w/(1.5*550*10))*n*f*Q^3*m/(K*n1))^(1/6.5)  
12 //RESULTS  
13 printf ('economical diameter of pipe line = %.3f ft  
          ',d)
```

---

# Chapter 6

## Flow Through Open Channels

Scilab code Exa 6.1 example 1

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 i= 0.000146
4 v= 2.8 //ft/sec
5 m= 7 //ft
6 //CALCULAIONS
7 C= v/sqrt(m*i)
8 K= (157.6-C)*sqrt(m)/C
9 //RESULTS
10 printf ('K = %.3 f ',K)
```

---

Scilab code Exa 6.2 example 2

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 b= 10 //ft
4 n= 1
5 i= 1/1000
```

```

6 d= 1.5 //ft
7 C= 110
8 w= 62.4 //lb/ft^3
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 L= sqrt(2*d^2)
11 P= b+2*L
12 A= d*(b+n*d)
13 m= A/P
14 v= C*sqrt(m*i)
15 Q= A*v*w*60*60*24/10
16 //RESULTS
17 printf ('Discharge = %.2e gal/day ',Q)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 6.3 example 3

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 b= 10 //ft
4 n= 2
5 d= 3.5 //ft
6 i= 1/625
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 A= d*(b+(d/n))
9 L= sqrt(d^2+(d/2)^2)
10 P= b+2*L
11 m= A/P
12 v= 1.486*m^(2/3)*i^0.5/0.03
13 Q= A*v
14 //RESULTS
15 printf ('Discharge = %.1f cuses ',Q)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 6.4 example 4

```

1  clc
2  //initialisation of variables
3  d= 3 //ft
4  i= 1/4500
5  C= 80
6  //CALCULATIONS
7  A= 0.5*(%pi*d^2/4)
8  P= %pi*d/2
9  m= A/P
10 v= C*sqrt(m*i)
11 Q= v*A
12 //RESULTS
13 printf ('Discharge = %.2f cuses ',Q)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 6.5 example 5

```

1  clc
2  //initialisation of variables
3  A= 2500 //acres
4  n= 20
5  Q= 40 //gal/head
6  C= 130
7  i= 1/3000
8  p = 7 //per cent
9  w= 62.4 //lb/ft^3
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 Q1= Q*50000*p/(60*100*60*w)
12 Q2= Q1+(A*4840*9/(12*24*60*60))
13 d= (Q2*8*sqrt(4/i)/(%pi*C))^0.4
14 //RESULTS
15 printf ('Diameter = %.3f ft ',d)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 6.6 example 6

```

1  clc
2  //initialisation of variables
3  Qt= 150000 //cuses
4  i= 1/10000
5  n1= 1
6  n2= 2/3
7  d1= 30 //ft
8  C1= 100
9  C2= 75
10 b1= 600 //ft
11 b2= 2000 //ft
12 r= 2
13 A1= (b1+d1)*d1
14 P1= b1+(2*d1*sqrt(2))
15 m1= A1/P1
16 v1= C1*sqrt(m1*i)
17 Q1= A1*v1
18 Q2= Qt-Q1
19 v2= v1/2
20 A2= Q2/v2
21 d2= (-b2+sqrt(b2^2+4*1.5*A2))/(2*1.5)
22 //RESULTS
23 printf ('depth of water = %.f ft ',d2)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 6.7 example 7

```

1  clc
2  //initialisation of variables
3  d= 3 //ft
4  i= 1/1000
5  C= 65
6  Cd= 0.56
7  g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
8  h1= 7.5 //ft
9  h2= 3 //ft

```

```

10 //CALCULATIONS
11 m= d
12 v= C*sqrt(m*i)
13 Q= v*d
14 H= (Q*d/(2*sqrt(2*g)*Cd))^(2/3)
15 h= h1+h2-H
16 //RESULTS
17 printf ( 'Height of dam = %.2f ft ',h)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 6.8 example 8

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 Q=100 //cuses
4 v= 2 ///ft/sec
5 n= 1.5
6 A= 50 //ft^2
7 C= 120
8 //CALCULATIONS
9 d= sqrt((Q/v)/(2*sqrt(n^2+1)-n))
10 m= A/d
11 h1= m-n*d
12 h2= m+n*d
13 i= (v/C)^2*(2/d)
14 //RESULTS
15 printf ( 'Depth = %.2f ft ',d)
16 printf ( '\n Bottom width = %.2f ft ',h1)
17 printf ( '\n Top width = %.2f ft ',h2)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 6.9 example 9

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables

```



```

3 Q= 1100 //cuses
4 i= 1/1800
5 C= 95
6 n= 1.5
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 d= ((Q*sqrt(3600)/C)/(n+0.6))^0.4
9 b= 0.6*d
10 ht= b+2*(n*d)
11 //RESULTS
12 printf ('Depth = %.2f ft ',d)
13 printf ('\n Bottom width = %.2f ft ',b)
14 printf ('\n Top width = %.2f ft ',ht)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 6.10 example 10

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 n= 1.5
4 Q= 800 //cuses
5 i= 2.5/5280
6 n1= 9.24
7 r= 0.6
8 k= 1.49
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 d= (k*10^7*4/n1)^(1/8)
11 //RESULTS
12 printf ('Depth of channel = %.1f ft ',d)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 6.11 example 11

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 d= 8 //ft

```

```

4 i= 1/1200
5 C= 90
6 a= 308 //degrees
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 h= 0.95*d
9 A= (d/2)^2*(a*(%pi/180)-sind(a))/2
10 m= 0.29*d
11 Q= A*C*sqrt(m*i)
12 //RESULTS
13 printf ('Discharge = %.f cuses ',Q)

```

---

**Scilab code Exa 6.12** example 12

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 v= 5 //ft/sec
4 Q= 500 //cuses
5 w= 25 //ft
6 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 h= (Q/v)/w
9 E= h+(v^2/(2*g))
10 //RESULTS
11 printf ('Specific energy = %.2f ft ',E)

```

---

**Scilab code Exa 6.13** example 13

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 i= 1/5000
4 C= 100
5 b= 50 //ft
6 h= 10 //ft

```

```

7 Q= 1000 //cuses
8 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 f= 2*g/C^2
11 m= (b*h)/(b+2*h)
12 v= Q/(b*h)
13 r= (i-(f*4/(2*g*m)))/(1-(2^2/(g*h)))
14 s= i-r
15 //RESULTS
16 printf ('Slope = %.6f ',s)

```

---

Scilab code Exa 6.14 example 14

```

1 clc
2 //Initialization of variables
3 B=48 //ft
4 D=5 //ft
5 f=0.005
6 i=1/1000
7 g=32.2
8 //calculations
9 C=sqrt(2*g/f)
10 m=B*D/(B+2*D)
11 V=C*sqrt(m*i)
12 Q=B*D*V
13 Dc=(Q^2/(g*B^2))^(1/3)
14 d1=2.25 //ft
15 Q1=1*D*V
16 d2=-d1/2 + sqrt(2*Q1^2/(g*d1) + d1^2/4)
17 hd=d2-d1
18 //results
19 printf("height required = %.3f ft",hd)
20 //The answer is a bit different due to rounding off
    error in textbook

```

---

### Scilab code Exa 6.15 example 15

```
1
2 clc
3 //initialisation of variables
4 Q= 360 // cfs
5 d1= 1 // ft
6 B= 18 // ft
7 g= 32.2 // ft/sec^2
8 w1= 624. //lb/ft^3
9 d2=4.5 //ft
10 //CALCULATIONS
11 w= Q/B
12 v1= w/d1
13 v2= v1/d2
14 d2= -0.5+sqrt((2*v1^2*d1/(g))+(d1^2/4))
15 E1= (d1+(w^2/(2*g)))-(d2+(v2^2/(2*g)))
16 EL= w1*Q*E1
17 //RESULTS
18 printf ('loss in energy = %.f lb ',EL)
```

---

### Scilab code Exa 6.16 example 16

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 d1= 4 // ft
4 v1= 60 //ft/sec
5 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
6 //CALCULATIONS
7 d2= d1*(sqrt(1+8*v1^2/(g*d1))-1)/2
8 //RESULTS
9 printf ('d2 = %.f ft ',d2)
```

---

Scilab code Exa 6.17 example 17

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 b= 150 //ft
4 d= 12 //ft
5 N= 0.03
6 i= 1/10000
7 h= 10 //ft
8 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
9 //CALCULATIONS
10 A= b*d
11 P= b+2*d
12 m= A/P
13 v= m^(2/3)*1.49*i^0.5/N
14 A1= b*(h+d)
15 P1= b+2*(h+d)
16 m1= A1/P1
17 C1= 1.49*m1^(1/6)/N
18 v1= A*v/A1
19 s= (i-(v1^2/(C1^2*m1)))/(1-(v1^2/(g*(h+d))))
20 L= 2*h/s
21 //RESULTS
22 printf ('Length of back water = %.f ft ',L)
```

---

Scilab code Exa 6.18 example 18

```
1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 b1= 3.2 //ft
4 b2= 1.3 //ft
```

```

5 h1= 1.86 //ft
6 h2= 1.63 //ft
7 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
8 //CALCULATIONS
9 a1= b1*h1
10 a2= b2*h2
11 Q= a1*a2*sqrt(2*g)*sqrt(h1-h2)/(sqrt(a1^2-a2^2))
12 //RESULTS
13 printf ('Discharge = %.1f cuses ',Q)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 6.19 example 19

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables
3 b1= 4 //ft
4 b2= 2 //ft
5 h1= 2 //ft
6 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
7 //CALCULATIONS
8 Qmax= 3.09*b2*h1^1.5
9 v1= Qmax/(b1*h1)
10 H= h1+(v1^2/(2*g))
11 Qmax2= 3.09*b2*H^1.5
12 h2= 2*H/3
13 //RESULTS
14 printf ('Qmax = %.2f cfs ',Qmax)
15 printf ('\n Qmax = %.2f cfs ',Qmax2)
16 printf ('\n h2 = %.3f ft ',h2)

```

---

#### Scilab code Exa 6.20 example 20

```

1 clc
2 //initialisation of variables

```

```

3 h1= 8 //ft
4 b1= 32 //ft
5 h= 1 //ft
6 b2= 24 //ft
7 g= 32.2 //ft/sec^2
8 //CALCULATIONS
9 H= h1-h
10 Q= 3.09*H^1.5*b2
11 v1= Q/(b1*h1)
12 Q1= 3.09*(H+(v1^2/(2*g)))^1.5*b2
13 hc= (Q1^2/(g*b2^2))^(1/3)
14 d2= -(hc/2)+sqrt(9*hc^2/2)+h
15 //RESULTS
16 printf ('Q = %.f cfs ',Q1)
17 printf ('\n hc = %.2f ft ',hc)
18 printf ('\n max depth = %.2f ft ',d2)

```

---